



Pan-London Suspected Cancer safety netting guide

TOP 10 TIPS FOR PRACTICE SAFETY-NETTING FOR DIRECT ACCESS DIAGNOSTICS AND REFERRALS

The Pan-London team recommend the following as part of the GP/dental practice **suspected cancer safety-netting system**. This should also be used as part of the GP practice **diagnostics safety-netting system**:

- 1. Offer a timely review and action after investigations have been requested
- 2. Actively monitor symptoms in people at low risk to see if their risk of cancer changes
- 3. Where appropriate reassure people who are concerned that they may have cancer that with their current symptoms their risk of having cancer is low
- 4. Explain to people who are being offered safety netting which symptoms to look out for and when they should return for re-evaluation. It may be appropriate to provide written information
- Ensure that results are reviewed and acted upon promptly and appropriately; the healthcare
 professional who ordered the investigation taking or explicitly delegating responsibility for this.
 (NG12, 2015) Be aware of the possibility of false-negative results for chest X-rays (20% of
 cancers missed), CA125 (23% of cancers missed), PSA (25% of cancers missed) and FIT
 (10% of cancers missed)
- 6. Consider a review for people with any symptom that is associated with an increased risk of cancer, but who do not meet the criteria for referral or other investigative action
- 7. The review may be planned within a time frame agreed with the person or be patient-initiated. If new symptoms develop, the person continues to be concerned or their symptoms recur, persist or worsen
- 8. Read code suspected cancer referrals and direct access diagnostics e.g. fast track suspected (breast) cancer referral, referral for ultrasound investigation
- Track patient attendance and outcomes for blood tests/ imaging/ endoscopy/ suspected cancer outpatient appointments using the relevant software, e.g. ICE software, tQuest list management or other robust electronic safety netting system
- 10. Pro-active recall to review patients who do not attend their appointment for diagnostics / two week wait clinic within the time frame agreed:
 - EmisWeb: A coded **Diary entry** within the 'follow up' component of the consultation where a regular search is conducted to track patients in their suspected cancer/diagnostics journey
 - SystmOne: If using a Referral Wizard please ensure a practice safety-netting system is established
 - Accurx: How to schedule Urgent Referral text messages to a patient

References

- NICE NG12, Suspected cancer: recognition and referral (2015) https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng12
- NICE CG27, Referral Guideline for Suspected Cancer (2005) http://webarchive.nationalarchives.gov.uk/20060715141954/http://nice.org.uk/nicemedia/pdf /cg027niceguideline.pdf
- Bradley SH, Bhartia BS, Kennedy MP, Frank LK, Watson J. Investigating suspected lung cancer. *BMJ* 2022; **378**: e068384.
- Merriel SWD, Pocock L, Gilbert E, et al. Systematic review and meta-analysis of the diagnostic accuracy of prostate-specific antigen (PSA) for the detection of prostate cancer in symptomatic patients. *BMC Med* 2022; **20**(1): 54.

- Monahan KJ, Davies MM, Abulafi M, et al. Faecal immunochemical testing (FIT) in patients
 with signs or symptoms of suspected colorectal cancer (CRC): a joint guideline from the
 Association of Coloproctology of Great Britain and Ireland (ACPGBI) and the British Society
 of Gastroenterology (BSG). Gut 2022; 71(10): 1939-62.
- Funston G, Hamilton W, Abel G, Crosbie EJ, Rous B, Walter FM. The diagnostic performance of CA125 for the detection of ovarian and non-ovarian cancer in primary care: A population-based cohort study. *PLoS Med* 2020; **17**(10): e1003295.

Resources

- CRUK Safety netting page: https://www.cancerresearchuk.org/health-professional/diagnosis/suspected-cancer-referral-best-practice/safety-netting
- Macmillan tools and guidance for Safety netting in primary care consultations
 https://www.macmillan.org.uk/healthcare-professionals/cancer-pathways/prevention-and-diagnosis/safety-netting

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