

# Measurement of clinical activity: a London approach for community CAMHS

#### December 2022

#### **Purpose**

The purpose of this document is to set out a number of principles to help guide the approach to recording and reporting clinical activity for community child and adolescent mental health services (CAMHS) services, with the aim of standardising measurement across London.

This document covers definitions and approaches to measurement of community CAMHS activity across three key priority metrics:

#### Care Contacts

As defined by, and required by, returns to the Mental Health Services Data Set (MHSDS) which is based on patient contacts with services<sup>1</sup>.

#### Clinical Contacts per Whole Time Equivalent (WTE)

A metric which reflects the amount of clinical time required to meaningfully influence patient care, which is often used as a benchmark of workforce effectiveness.

#### Total Input per WTE

A metric covering the range of activities undertaken by clinical staff (including admin, travel, etc.) which is required to support wider workforce planning (e.g., job planning, demand and capacity modelling).

#### **Background and context**

Past NHS Benchmarking Network reports suggest there is considerable variation across London community CAMHS teams in terms of Clinical Contacts per WTE, and that London is below the national average. This has generated much discussion on workforce capacity and utilisation. However, there is significant variation in how data is being reported by trusts to inform this analysis, raising questions about implications that can be drawn, or any similar comparative analysis on this metric.

In autumn 2022, a Task and Finish group was established to develop a consistent approach for London on measuring and reporting clinical activity. The group comprised of clinicians and service leads across the trusts providing community CAMHS services in London. A list of contributors is provided in Appendix 1, and we extend our thanks to all for their contributions to this guidance document.

1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Implementation tools and guidance: Mental Health Services Data Set (MHSDS) v5.0

## **Definitions and approaches to measurement of clinical CAMHS activity**

This section contains overarching definitions and principles to be used when recording and reporting clinical activity.

#### Clinical Contact per WTE

A **Clinical Contact per WTE** is defined as the number of clinically meaningful interactions that directly influence a patient's care plan or other intervention that impacts the patient's care per WTE clinical staff. This can include advice, consultation, formulation, risk management discussion, care planning, delivery of treatment interventions and medication-related advice.

#### **Total Input per WTE**

**Total Input per WTE** is defined as the total number of hours inputted by clinicians, including direct and indirect patient activity, as well as non-clinical time, per WTE clinical staff.

#### Categories of activity

Different categories of interactions impacting the patient can be experienced across a single patient pathway.

- Direct Contact: a clear and direct interaction with the patient or their parent/carer (including a social worker with parental responsibility)
- Indirect Contact: has an impact on the patient and influences the care plan or wider care of a patient without a direct interaction with the patient
- Non-clinical Activity: required to deliver patient care however, does not have a
  direct impact on the patient or their care.

#### Definitions in practice

An appointment with a patient (direct) could lead to a further discussion with the patient's teacher (indirect), whilst also ensuring that the relevant documentation is completed for the interactions (non-clinical).

A Clinical Contact can be direct or indirect as defined above. Non-clinical Activity should not be captured as a Clinical Contact. However, it is recognised that for the purposes of job planning, it is important to capture broader activity undertaken by clinicians including non-clinical activity.

The following table summarises a range of clinical activity and which activities are to be captured in each measure, including specific examples. IT systems used to capture and record these metrics may be set up based on different terms to those listed above are used to record similar metrics. The principles laid out herein will guide the best approach for data inputting.

### **Parameters to define Clinical Contacts and Total Input per WTE**

The following parameters can be used to guide if, and how, an interaction should be captured:

Parameter	Care Contact (MHSDS definition)		Clinical Contacts per WTE		Total Input per WTE	
Number of clinicians present	Single event is recorded per patient encounter. Not counting individual clinicians present		Each clinician in attendance reported separately. Any individual who is observing or learning, and not implementing the care plan is not to be recorded,		Each clinician in attendance recorded separately. Any individual who is observing or learning, and not implementing the care plan is not to be recorded.	
Type of care professional	The staff groups include care professionals working in any of the following Mental Health Services: nursing, medical, psychology, primary mental health, CYP psychotherapy, counselling, occupational therapy, social work, creative therapy, education, speech and language therapy		Per MHSDS definition and any other clinical mental health professionals		Per MHSDS definition and any other clinical mental health professionals	
DIRECT AND INDIREC	T ACTIVITY					
Parameter	Care Contact (MHSDS definition)		Clinical Contacts per WTE		Total Input per WTE	
	Included	Excluded	Included	Excluded	Included	Excluded
Number of clinical hours	✓		✓ As contacts		√ As hours	
Clinically meaningful interaction with patient/their parent/carer	<b>√</b>		√ Direct		√ Direct	

Parameter	Care Contact (MHSDS definition)		Clinical Contacts per WTE		Total Input per WTE	
	Included	Excluded	Included	Excluded	Included	Excluded
Discussions with professional within patient's care network	✓		√ Indirect		√ Indirect	
Discussions with family/carer, not acting as proxy		<b>√</b>	√ Indirect		√ Indirect	
Multi-disciplinary discussions		✓	√ Indirect		√ Indirect	
Child protection case conferences		<b>√</b>	√ Direct/Indirect		√ Direct/Indirect	
NON-CLINICAL ACTIV	/ITY					
Clinical admin		✓		✓	✓	
Training, supervision and general meetings		<b>√</b>	Refer to table of Exar	nple Scenarios below	✓	
Travel		✓		✓	✓	
TYPES OF CONTACT						
Face-to-face appointment	✓		√ Direct/Indirect		✓ Direct/Indirect	
Telephone interaction	✓		√ Direct/Indirect		√ Direct/Indirect	
Video call	✓		√ Direct/Indirect		√ Direct/Indirect	
Text message/email	✓		Refer to table of Exar	mple Scenarios below	✓ Direct/Indirect	

## **Example scenarios**

Parameter	Example scenarios
Number of clinicians	If two clinicians are present at an appointment, this is recorded as two Clinical Contacts.
present	If two clinicians are present at an appointment and are joined by a <b>student/trainee attending for observation and/or learning only</b> , this is recorded as two <b>Clinical Contacts</b> as the student/trainee is not responsible for providing clinical care.
	If two clinicians are present at an appointment and are joined by a Band 6 trainee also delivering care, this is recorded as three <b>Clinical Contacts</b> as the trainee is there to implement the care plan.
Number of clinical hours	If one clinician holds a phone call with a patient to check in with them following an episode in A&E should be included as a Direct Clinical Contact.
	If a clinician holds a phone call discussing how the patient is finding their medication, this is captured as a <b>Direct Clinical Contact.</b>
	If a clinician holds a phone call with another clinician discussing the patient's care plan, this is captured as an <b>Indirect Clinical Contact</b> .
	If one clinician attends an appointment that lasts one hour, this is recorded as one hour of clinical time as part of <b>Total Input.</b>
	If two clinicians attend an appointment that lasts one hour, this is recorded as two hours of clinical time as part of <b>Total Input.</b>
Discussions with patient's	A clinician talks to a patient's teacher about their care plan. This should be captured as an Indirect Clinical Contact.
wider care network	A care professional provides training to a teacher to support the medical needs of a specific patient. This should be captured as an <b>Indirect Clinical Contact</b> .
Multi-disciplinary discussions	A care professional discusses the care of a patient as part of a MDT meeting, where the patient is not present. This should be captured as an <b>Indirect Clinical Contact</b> .
	A care professional discusses the care of a patient informally as part of a corridor conversation, where the patient is not present. This should <b>not be captured</b> as an Indirect Clinical Contact and should <b>not be captured</b> as part of Total Input.

Parameter	Example scenarios		
Child protection case conferences	A child protection case conference where the patient or patient representative is present is clinically meaningful and should be captured as a Direct Clinical Contact.		
	A child protection case conference regarding a particular patient where they are not present is clinically meaningful and should be captured as an <b>Indirect Clinical Contact</b> .		
Other clinically relevant meetings	A Team Around the Child (TAC) or Team Around the Family (TAF) meeting is clinically meaningful and should be captured as a <b>Direct Clinical Contact</b> , assuming the child and/or parent/carer is present.		
	A Child in Need (CIN) meeting is clinically meaningful and should be captured as a <b>Direct Clinical Contact</b> , assuming the child and/or parent/carer is present.		
	A clinician observes a child at school. This is clinically meaningful and should be captured as a Direct Clinical Contact.		
Clinical admin	A clinician spends time writing up case notes on a patient. This should be captured as Non-clinical Activity as part of Total Input.		
	Clinician admin also includes activities such as preparing EHCP reports, dictating letters, writing case notes and paper-based triage. This should be captured as <b>Non-clinical Activity</b> as part of <b>Total Input</b> .		
Training, supervision and	A clinician attends a training course. This should be captured as Non-clinical Activity as part of Total Input.		
general meetings	A clinician provides clinical supervision to a trainee. This should be captured as Non-clinical Activity as part of Total Input.		
	Three clinicians meet formally to discuss the care plan of a patient where the patient is not present. This should be captured as three <b>Indirect Clinical Contacts</b> .		
	Three clinicians meet formally but do not discuss specific patients' care. This should be captured as Non-clinical Activity as part of Total Input.		
	Informal catchups are to be captured as Non-clinical Activity as part of Total Input.		
Travel	A clinician spends time driving between hospital sites to see a patient in A&E. This will <b>not</b> be recorded as part of a Clinical Contact. However, this should be captured as <b>Non-clinical Activity</b> as part of <b>Total Input</b> .		
Face-to-face appointment	A clinician spends time talking to a patient face-to-face about their medication. This should be captured as a Direct Clinical Contact.		

Parameter	Example scenarios
	A clinical spends time talking to a Social Worker (with no parental responsibility to the patient) face-to-face about their care plan. This should be captured as an <b>Indirect Clinical Contact</b> .
Telephone interaction	A clinician spends time talking to a patient over the phone about their medication. This should be captured as a Direct Clinical Contact.
	A patient is contacted over the phone to confirm an appointment. This is <b>not</b> clinically meaningful and should <b>not</b> be captured.
Video call	A clinician spends time holding an appointment with a patient via video. This should be captured as a <b>Direct Clinical Contact.</b>
	A clinician spends time talking to a patient via video about their medication. This should be captured as a <b>Direct Clinical Contact.</b>
Text message / email	All text message and email interactions are <b>assumed to be non-clinically meaningful</b> and should generally <b>not</b> be captured. However, the recording of these interactions is at the discretion of the clinician should they feel the interaction is clinically meaningful for their patient. For example:
	A clinician delivers support to a patient that is unable to speak, through a text message interaction. This could be captured as a <b>Direct Clinical Contact</b> .
	A clinician delivers support to a patient in crisis via an exchange of text messages. The clinician deems this to be clinically meaningful, therefore this could be captured as a <b>Direct Clinical Contact</b> .
	A patient is sent a text message reminder about an upcoming appointment. This is <b>not</b> clinically meaningful and should <b>not</b> be captured.

### **Appendix 1: List of Contributors**

This work was developed with support, expertise, and guidance from the Optimisation Task and Finish group members. We want to thank everyone for their time and contributions in developing this work. The contributors list is outlined below:

Dr Chris Abbott, South London and Maudsley NHS Foundation Trust

Harold Bennison, South London and Maudsley NHS Foundation Trust

Philippa Heath, South London and Maudsley NHS Foundation Trust

Dr Sian Barnett, Whittington Health NHS Trust

Daryl Parker, Whittington Health NHS Trust

Marie McBride, Whittington Health NHS Trust

Dr Anna Picciotto, Whittington Health NHS Trust

Anup Pandya, Whittington Health NHS Trust

Lochlainn Mahon, Whittington Health NHS Trust

Dr Sabitha Sridhar, Oxleas NHS Foundation Trust

Dominic Leigh, Oxleas NHS Foundation Trust

Dr Amy Wood-Mitchell, South West London & St George's Mental Health NHS Trust

Dr Julie Proctor, East London NHS Foundation Trust

Sarika Ghai, West London NHS Trust

Chaudhary Rasool, West London NHS Trust

Kyle McNeely, West London NHS Trust

Ian Kirkwood, Central and North West London NHS Foundation Trust

Fiona Hartnett, The Tavistock and Portman NHS Foundation Trust Dr Rachel James, The Tavistock and Portman NHS Foundation Trust Aaron Horner, The Tavistock and Portman NHS Foundation Trust Pia Pedersen, The Tavistock and Portman NHS Foundation Trust Steve Bambrough, The Tavistock and Portman NHS Foundation Trust Clive Blackwood, Barnet, Enfield and Haringey NHS Mental Health Trust Yvonne Webb, Barnet, Enfield and Haringey NHS Mental Health Trust Tina Read, Barnet, Enfield and Haringey NHS Mental Health Trust Parmjit Rai, Barnet, Enfield and Haringey NHS Mental Health Trust Jayshree Pindoriya, Barnet, Enfield and Haringey NHS Mental Health Trust Henry Anigbogu, Barnet, Enfield and Haringey NHS Mental Health Trust Jeanne Faulet-Ekpitini, Barnet, Enfield and Haringey NHS Mental Health Trust Vivienne Okoh, NHS North Central London ICB Mimoza Qoba, Royal Free London NHS Foundation Trust Dr Rachel Hussey, North East London NHS Foundation Trust Jennifer Ellis, North East London NHS Foundation Trust